

#### U-Prove Technology Overview

November 2010

#### TOC

- Introduction
- Community Technology Preview
- Additional Capabilities
- RSA Demo
- Conclusion

# Introduction

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# History

- U-Prove well established in academia
  - Patent portfolio (granted '93 '00)
  - 30+ scientific papers (from '93 onward)
  - E-cash PoC and pilots with Siemens, Gemplus, KPN, DigiCash, Zero-Knowledge, Nokia
- Credentica acquisition (Feb 2008)
  - Patents, software, people
- Microsoft incubation
  - Incubated U-Prove-enabled ID platform
  - Public CTP (March '10)

# U-Prove Technology

Strong multi-party security technology for user-centric identity, data sharing, strong authentication, and digital signature

Allows vou to build "e-tokens"











Has unique security, privacy, and efficiency benefits over "conventional"

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Name: Alice Smith

Address: 1234 Pine, Seattle, WA

**D.O.B.**: 23-11-1955











Name: Alice Smith

Address: 1234 Pine, Seattle, WA

**D.O.B**: 23-11-1955

















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The user can prove <u>unanticipated</u> properties about the encoded claims in a U-Prove token issued to her in advance

Even in collusion, the issuing and relying parties <u>cannot</u> learn more about the user than what was disclosed



























Prove that you are over 21 and from WA

Coho Winery







Prove that you are over 21 and from WA

Coho Winery





Name: Alice Smith

Address: 1234 Pine, Seattle, WA

**D.O.B**: 23-11-1955







Prove that you are over 21 and from WA

Coho Winery





Name:

Address: 1224 P

· G WA

**D.O.B**:

Over-21 proof







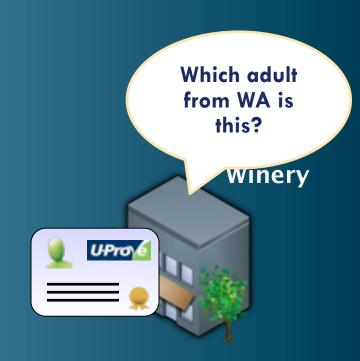




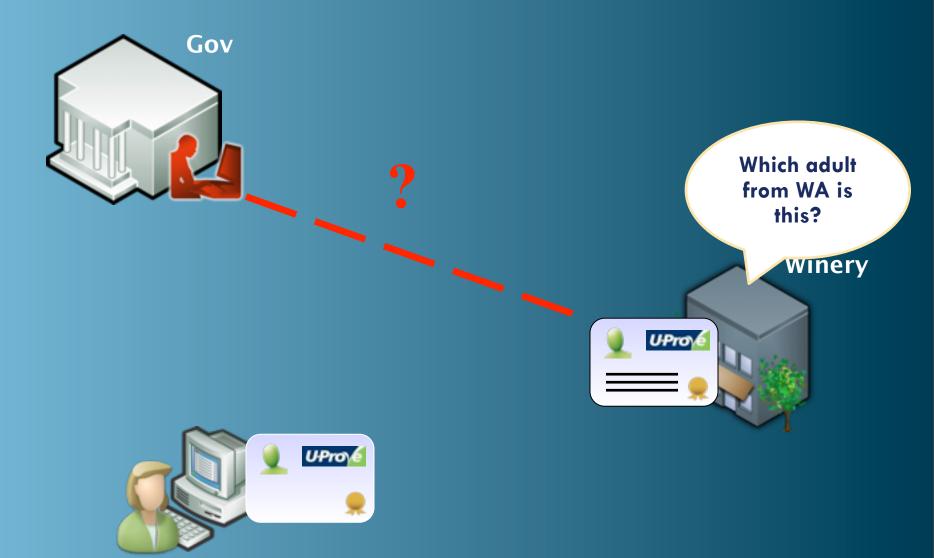














Gov

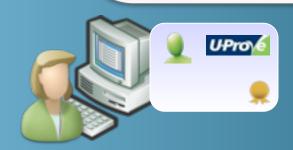


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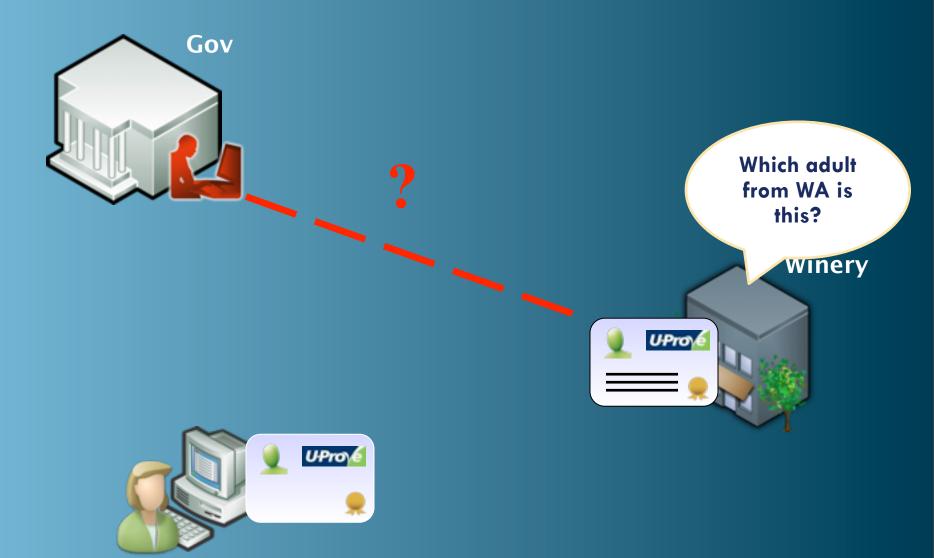
Even in collusion, the issuing and relying parties <u>cannot</u> learn more about the user than what was disclosed

Which adult from WA is this?

Winery







### What's new?



- Similar to conventional security tokens (X.509, SAML, Kerberos), but
  - U-Prove tokens contain no inescapable correlation handles
    - E.g., coins (unlinkable) vs. bills (w/ serial#)
  - Users can <u>prove</u> properties of the claims
    - Disclose a subset of the claims
    - Derived claim: "birth date" to "over-21 proof"
    - Negation: name not on the control list

#### U-Prove CTP

Released March 2010

#### U-Prove CTP

- Specifications (released under Open Specification Promise)
  - U-Prove crypto specification (addressing feature subset)
  - Integration into the ID metasystem specification
- Open-source crypto SDKs (implementing crypto spec)
  - Posted on Code Gallery, under the BSD license
  - C# and Java versions
- Identity platform integration (implementing integration spec)
  - Modified version of Windows CardSpace 2.0
  - Extension to the Windows Identity Foundation
  - Modified version of Active Directory Federation Services 2.0

http://www.microsoft.com/u-prove

**Identity Provider** 







**Identity Provider** 







**Identity Provider** 



trust





**Identity Provider** 



trust



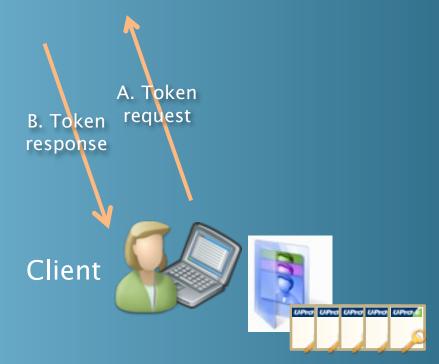


**Identity Provider** 

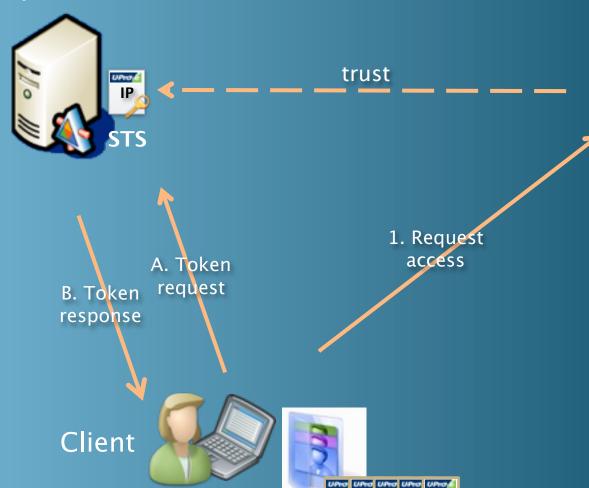


trust

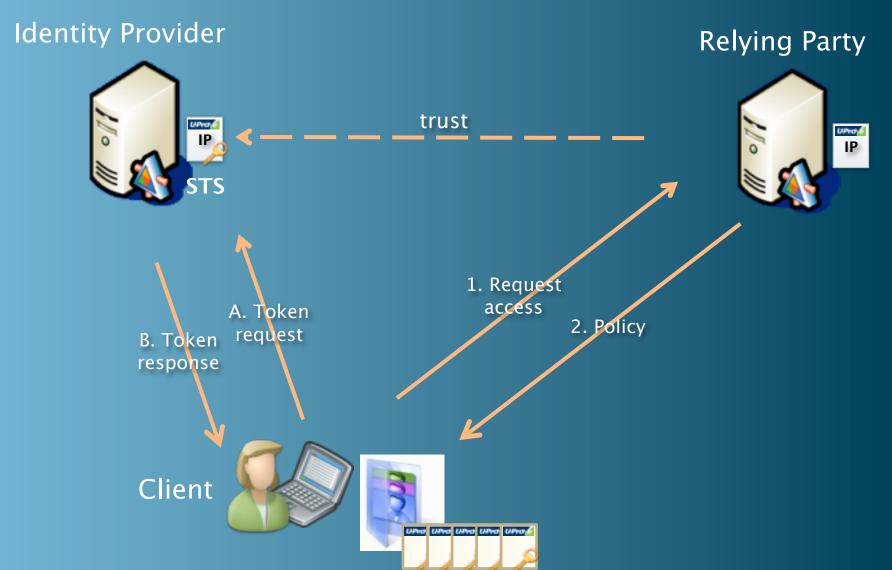


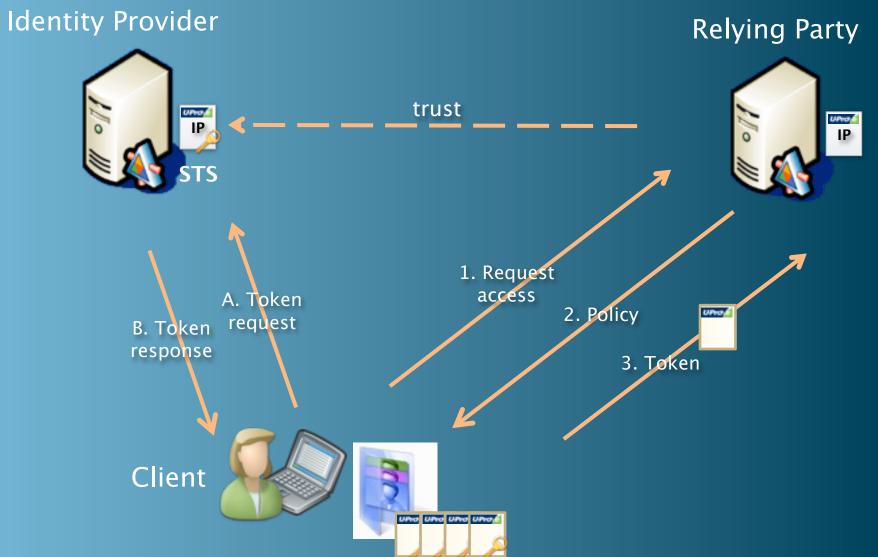


**Identity Provider** 









#### CTP features

- The CTP implements the foundational U-Prove features:
  - Selective disclosure (i.e., no derived claims)
  - Unlinkability of token issuance and presentation
  - Long-lived token support
  - User-signed presentation tokens
  - Data signature (in crypto SDKs only)



# U-Prove technology additional capabilities



# U-Prove technology addit The following slides provide all

The following slides provide a U-Prove technology overview

(If you miss a step in the animation, press the left arrow to rewind)



# U-Prove technology additional capabilities

# Censorable audit logs







































Name: Alice Smith

Address: 1234 Pine, Seattle, WA

**D.O.B**: 23-11-1955



Coho Winery



14











Name: Alice Smith

Address: 1234 Pine, Seattle, WA

**D.O.B**: 23-11

Over-21 proof



Coho Winery

























Name: Alice Smith

Address: 1234 Pine, Seattle, WA

**DOB**: 23-11 Over-21 proof



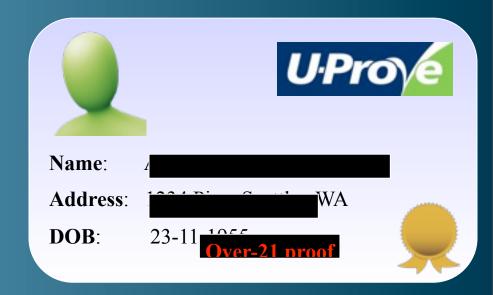




















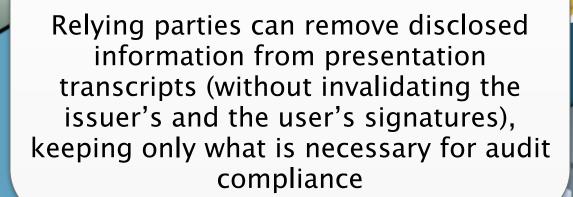




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**Adatum Auditor** 



Coho Winery



My customer was an adult from WA























Name: Alice Smith

Address: 1234 Pine, Seattle, WA

**Disorder**: Anxiety























Name: John Doe

Address: 9 16th N, Seattle, WA

**Disorder**: Delusional















Hospital





A broker can disclose anonymous data it collected to 3<sup>rd</sup> parties, while preserving the authenticity of the issuer's signature on the data

**Contoso Research** 





















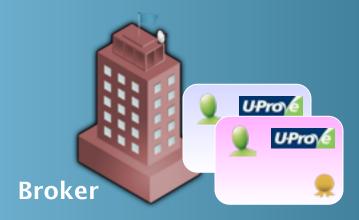
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Clients from Seattle with mental disorder?









Clients from Seattle with mental disorder?





Name: Alice smith

Address: 1234 Pine, Seattle, WA

**Disorder**: Anxiety



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Hospital



Clients from Seattle with mental disorder?

Hospital

Contoso

Research



Name: John Doe

**Address**: 9 16<sup>th</sup> N, Seattle, WA

**Disorder**: Delusional



Name: Alice smith

Address: 1234 Pine, Seattle, WA

**Disorder**: Anxiety

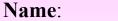




Hospital



Clients from Seattle with mental disorder?



John Doe

Address:

9 16<sup>th</sup> N, Seattle, WA

Disorder:

Delusional



Name: Alice smith

Address: 1234 Pine, Seattle, WA

**Disorder**: Anxiety



**Both from Seattle** 

**Both are mental disorders** 

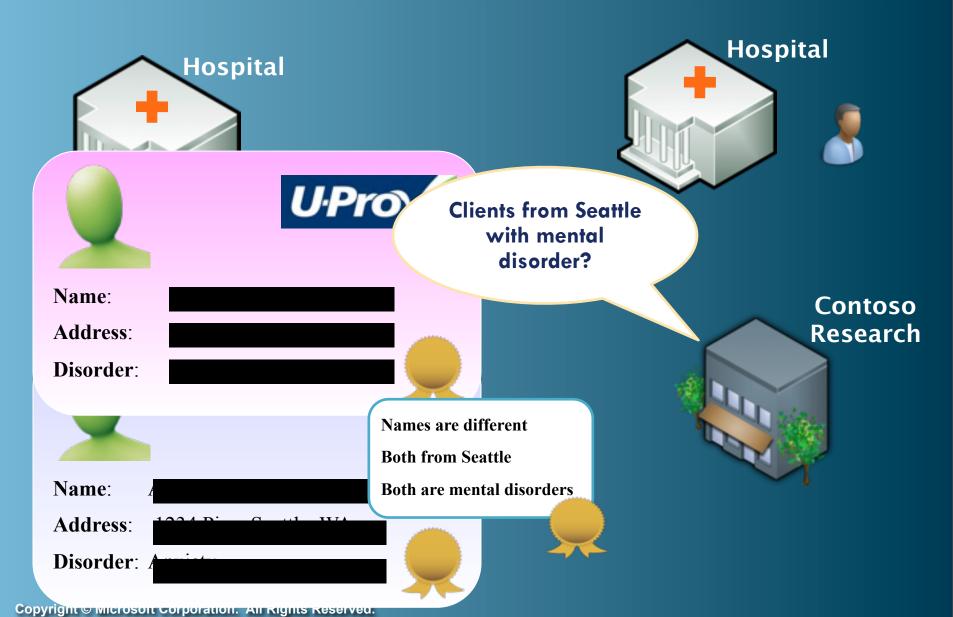


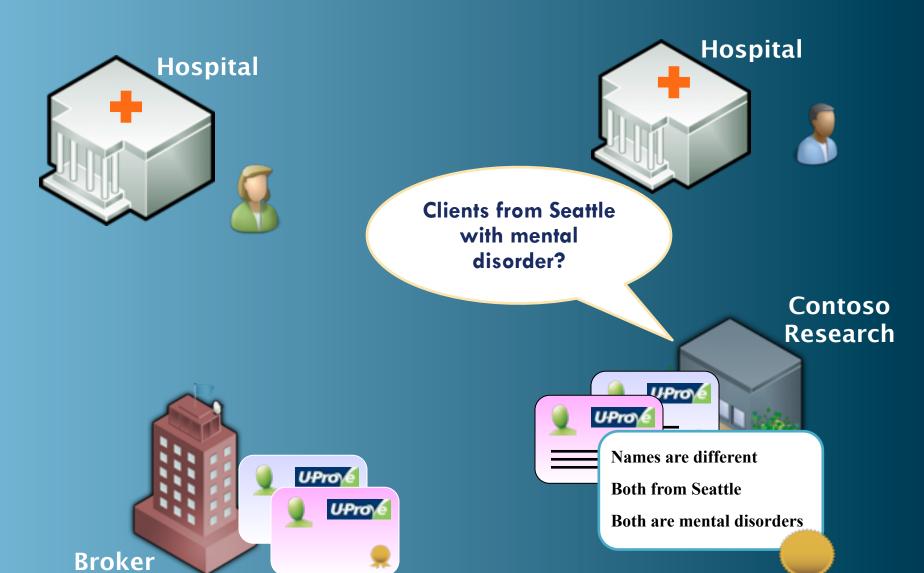






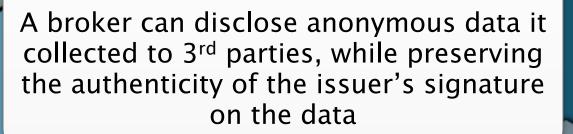






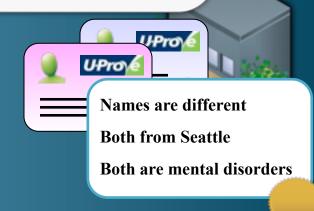
Hospital

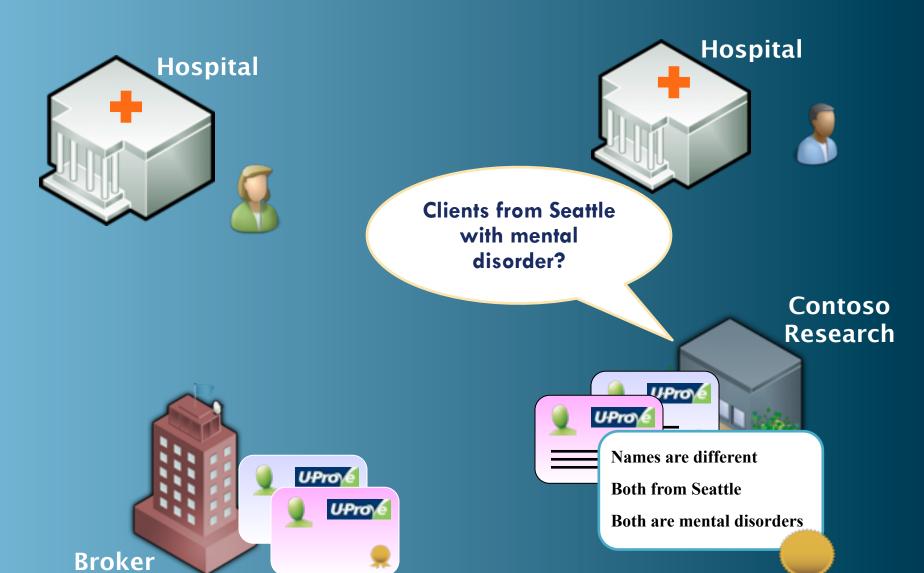




**Contoso Research** 



















Adatum

**Auditor** 

Name: Alice Smith

**Email**: asmith@adatum.com

**Role**: Auditor



asmith@adatum.com



Alice Smith asmith@afaum.com





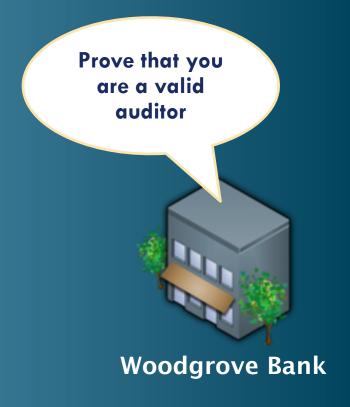








Alice Smith asmith@ada un.com





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Prove that you are a valid auditor





Name: Alice Smith

Email: asmith@adatum.com

**Role**: Auditor



**Woodgrove Bank** 

asmith@adatum.com







Adatum Auditor



Name: Alignot revoked prog

Email:

**Role**: Auditor



Prove that you are a valid auditor



**Woodgrove Bank** 

asmith@adatum.com





Prove that you are a valid auditor

**Woodgrove Bank** 



17

**Auditor** 





Alice Smith asmith@adaum.com

Adatum Auditor Issued U-Prove tokens can be revoked by the issuer, even if no connection to the issuer is made when the user presents the tokens



17

Woodgrove Bank









**Auditor** 

## Trusted device







**Bookstore** 











**Bookstore** 











**Bookstore** 











**Bookstore** 











**Bookstore** 



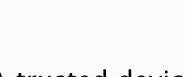




Gov



University



A trusted device (smartcard, TPM chip, remote service) can hold part of the tokens' private key (even those issued by other issuers) and efficiently help presenting them

**Bookstore** 









**Bookstore** 























Revenue

Agency

















Gov



The user can non-interactively sign arbitrary data using a U-Prove token, attaching any encoded claim property to the signature

Revenue Agency













### RSA 2010 Demo

http://www.microsoft.com/mscorp/ twc/endtoendtrust/vision/uprove.aspx

### RSA 2010 demo

#### **OKS Registration**



1. Register online, get student infocard

E-Book



2. Prove registered student, view e-book online

3. Leave anonymous feedback

#### **OKS Feedback**











CardSpace





#### RSA 2010 demo details

- User presents German nPA card to prove identity to university when registering online
- University issues a student (U-Prove) information card supporting claims from the nPA card and registration data
- Student visits online book store, proves that she is a registered computer science student, and can view a book for free
- Student visits a university feedback portal, discloses her registered classes copyright (and optionally her gender), and submits

### Conclusion

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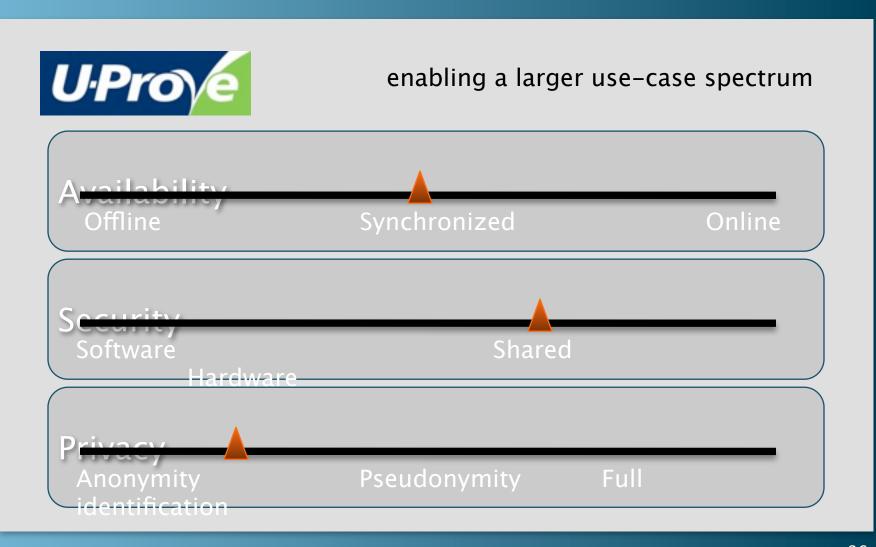
### Summary of benefits

- Support for full spectrum of assurance
  - From anonymity, to pseudonymity, to full identification
  - Maintains strong accountability (revocation, audit trail, misuse tracing)
  - Minimal disclosure and user control
- Strong multi-party security
  - Phishing-resistant strong authentication
  - Eliminates some insider attacks at IdP / CA
  - Lending / pooling / reuse protections
  - Efficient hardware protection
- On-demand or disconnected

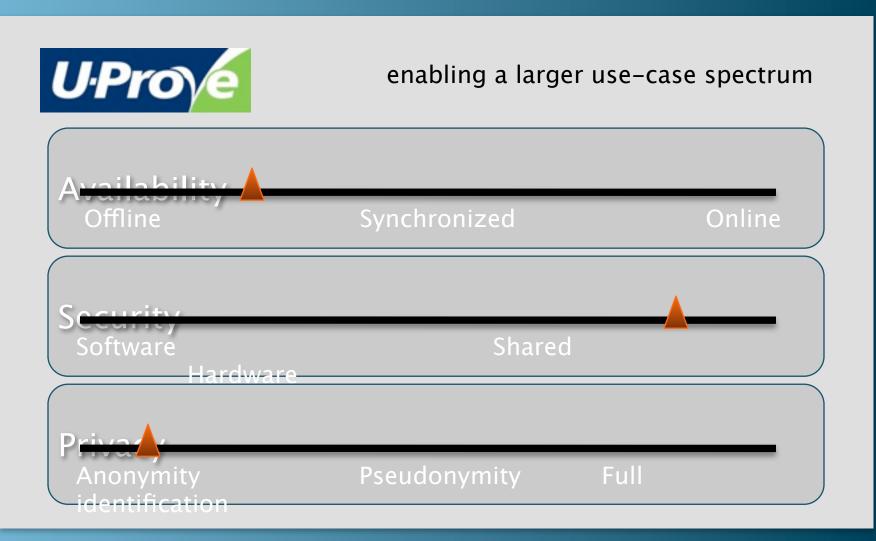
#### Resources

- Videos:
  - Scott Charney's RSA 2010 announcement: http://www.rsaconference.com/2010/usa/recordings/keynote-catalog.htm
  - Intro: <a href="http://channel9.msdn.com/shows/Identity/Announcing-Microsofts-U-Prove-Community-Technical-Preview-CTP">http://channel9.msdn.com/shows/Identity/Announcing-Microsofts-U-Prove-Community-Technical-Preview-CTP</a>
  - Technology overview: <a href="http://edge.technet.com/Media/Learn-what-Microsofts-U-Prove-release-is-all-about">http://edge.technet.com/Media/Learn-what-Microsofts-U-Prove-release-is-all-about</a>
- U-Prove CTP (March 2010):
  - Download location: <a href="http://www.microsoft.com/u-prove">http://www.microsoft.com/u-prove</a>
  - Developer video: <a href="http://channel9.msdn.com/shows/ldentity/U-Prove-CTP-a-developers-perspective/">http://channel9.msdn.com/shows/</a>
    Identity/U-Prove-CTP-a-developers-perspective/

### The U-Prove mixing



### The U-Prove mixing



### Demo (using March 2010 CTP)

#### Scenario

- Alice is issued an eID information card
  - The information card is protected by a X.509 certificate, e.g., stored on the eID smartcard. (Here, the certificate is installed on the machine)
- She then
  - Obtains lab results from a hospital after proving who she is
  - Leaves anonymous comments at her government citizen forum
  - Buys wine online, proving she is over-21 and from Washington, leaving behind an auditable presentation transcript of these facts

### Scenario summary

**Hospital RP** eID IdP **Forum RP** 2. Access lab 3. Leave results (name, 1. Obtain eID address, DoB) comments card (PPID country) eID Wine store RP 4. Buy wine (state/ province,

**CardSpace** 

over-21)

### elD Card Provisioning

- User downloads eID information card (after appropriate identity proofing)
  - E.g., visits point of service in person and receives an activation code
- CardSpace efficiently retrieves multiple U-Prove tokens encoding the card claim values
  - The user authenticates to the STS using her X.509 cert
  - Tokens are stored securely encrypted on the machine
- Benefits:
  - Reduces load on IdP's STS, which won't get hit every time the user presents the card
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### Hospital lab results

- User presents full address, name, and D.o.B., and hospital locates her lab results
- Same security/privacy as if the user presented her ID in person

### Government forum

- User leaves comments on a forum using an "authenticated" pseudonym
  - Users are anonymous, but only members of the community (e.g., US resident) can leave comments
  - No one (including the IdP itself) can hijack the pseudonym and post "forged" comments
    - PPID claim value is derived from the presented U-Prove token

#### Wine store

- User buys some wine online, proving she is over-21 and in which province/state she resides
  - CardSpace applies the U-Prove token's private key when presenting the token; resulting presentation token is an auditable proof
    - In contrast, "proof keys" are not applied by identity selectors in web scenarios

# Crypto Details





- Illustrates a simple blind signature
- U-Prove token issuance uses a "restrictive" blinding technique
  - More complex process to certify attributes





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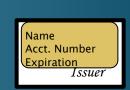






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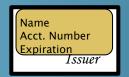






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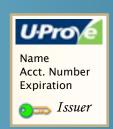




#### Notes:

Challenge







#### Notes:

Challenge







#### Notes:





#### Notes:





#### Notes:

### Schnorr protocol

• Goal: prove knowledge of  $\alpha$  w.r.t. **g** on the public element  $\mathbf{h} = \mathbf{g}^{\alpha}$ 

Verifier Prover Pick w at random  $a := g^w$ Pick c at random  $r := c\alpha + w$ Verify  $g^r = ah^c$ 

### **U-Prove protocols**

U-Prove public key is a bit more complex:

$$\mathbf{h} := (\mathbf{g}_0 \ \mathbf{g}_1^{\mathbf{X}_1} \ \dots \ \mathbf{g}_k^{\mathbf{X}_k})^{\alpha}$$

- $\bullet$  The  $x_i$  values encode the attributes
- Uses Schnorr protocol as a primitive to prove properties of the attributes, e.g.,